Icc Cricket Rules File PDF

ICC Cricket Rules: A Comprehensive Guide to the Game?s Regulations

Cricket is one of the most popular sports worldwide, with a rich history and a complex set of rules governed by the International Cricket Council (ICC). Whether you're a new fan or a seasoned player, understanding the ICC cricket rules is essential for appreciating the game?s intricacies. This guide provides a detailed overview of the fundamental regulations, covering the playing conditions, scoring system, player roles, and umpiring standards to enhance your knowledge of cricket?s official rules.

Introduction to ICC Cricket Rules

The ICC cricket rules form the backbone of international and domestic cricket matches. They ensure fair play, consistency, and clarity across different formats such as Test, One Day International (ODI), and Twenty20 (T20). These rules are periodically updated to adapt to the evolving nature of the sport, but the core principles remain consistent. The main objectives are to promote sportsmanship, safety, and an exciting competitive environment.

Match Formats and Basic Principles

Cricket is played in various formats, each with specific rules tailored to match length and intensity.

Test Cricket

- Duration: Up to 5 days
- Innings: Each team bats twice
- Overs: Unlimited unless declared or completed

One Day International (ODI)

- Duration: 50 overs per side
- Innings: Each team bats once
- Limited overs format emphasizing aggressive play

Twenty20 (T20)

- Duration: 20 overs per side
- Fast-paced with high entertainment value

Basic Rules Common Across Formats

- The game begins with a coin toss to decide which team bats or bowls first.
- Each team aims to score more runs than the opposition.
- The team batting first sets a target, which the second team tries to surpass.
- The team with the most runs at the end of the match wins.

Playing Conditions and Field Setup

Understanding the playing conditions is crucial to grasping the rules.

Field Dimensions and Positions

- The cricket field is generally oval with a 22-yard pitch at the center.
- The fielding side arranges players in strategic positions, such as slips, gully, point, square leg, and mid-on/mid-off.

Player Roles

- Batsmen: Two players on the field at a time, aiming to score runs.
- Bowlers: Deliver the ball to dismiss batsmen and restrict runs.
- Fielders: Support the bowler in catching and stopping runs.
- Umpires: Official referees ensuring the rules are followed.

Rules of Batting and Bowling

The core of cricket revolves around batting and bowling regulations.

Batting Rules

- Two batsmen are on the field at the same time, positioned at opposite ends of the pitch.
- The batsman scores runs by hitting the ball and running between the wickets or by hitting boundaries (four or six).
- A batsman can be dismissed in several ways, including being bowled, caught, run out, stumped,

or given out LBW.

- Batting order is predetermined but can be adjusted during the game with the captain?s approval.

Bowling Rules

- The bowler must deliver the ball with a straight arm, with no flexing of the elbow during the delivery swing.
- Each bowler can bowl a maximum of 10 overs in a standard ODI or T20 match; in Test cricket, they can bowl unlimited overs as per the captain?s strategy.
- The bowling run-up should not breach the allowed guidelines, and the delivery must be within the permissible height (no-ball).

Dismissals and How to Get Out

Getting a batsman out is a fundamental aspect of the game, governed by specific rules.

Common Modes of Dismissal

- **Caught**: The ball is caught by a fielder before touching the ground.
- **Bowled**: The bowler?s delivery hits the stumps, dislodging the bails.
- **Run Out**: A fielder dislodges the stumps with the ball while the batsman is outside the crease attempting a run.
- **LBW (Leg Before Wicket)**: The ball would have hit the stumps but is blocked by the batsman's leg in line with the stumps under specific conditions.
- **Stumped**: The wicketkeeper dislodges the bails while the batsman is out of the crease after the ball is delivered.
- **Hit Wicket**: The batsman hits the stumps with his bat or body after the bowler has delivered the ball.

Scoring Runs and Extras

Runs are the currency of cricket, and the rules for scoring are precise.

How Runs Are Scored

- Running between the wickets after hitting the ball.
- Hitting boundaries:

- Four: the ball reaches the boundary after bouncing.
- Six: the ball clears the boundary without bouncing.

Extras and Wide Balls

- **Wide Ball**: A delivery that is outside the batsman's reach, awarded when the umpire deems it too wide or high.
- **No-ball**: An illegal delivery due to overstepping the popping crease or other infractions, awarding an extra run and a free hit.
- Other extras include bye and leg bye runs, scored when the batsman does not hit the ball but runs are completed or runs are conceded due to the ball passing the wicketkeeper.

Umpiring and Decision-Making

Umpires play a critical role in enforcing the rules.

Types of Umpires

- On-field umpires: Responsible for making decisions during the match.
- Third umpire: Uses video technology for run-outs, caught dismissals, and other close decisions.
- Match referee: Oversees the overall conduct and discipline.

Decision Review System (DRS)

- Allows teams to challenge umpire decisions using technology like ball-tracking, Hawkeye, and snickometer.
- Each team has a limited number of reviews per innings.

Rules for Fair Play and Conduct

Cricket emphasizes sportsmanship and discipline.

Prohibited Behaviors

- Using offensive language or gestures.
- Deliberately attempting to distract or deceive the opposition.

- Time-wasting or slow play.
- Physical abuse or misconduct.

Penalties

- Umpires can penalize players with warnings, fines, or suspensions for misconduct.

Special Rules in Different Formats

While the fundamental rules are consistent, certain regulations differ across formats.

Test Cricket

- No limit on the number of overs or days.
- Allows for strategic declarations and more flexible field placements.

ODI and T20

- Overs are limited.
- Powerplays restrict field placements to encourage aggressive batting.
- Specific rules for super overs in case of ties.

Final Thoughts

Understanding the ICC cricket rules enriches the viewing experience and provides insight into the strategic depth of the game. From the precise regulations governing dismissals and scoring to the umpiring protocols and conduct standards, each rule ensures that cricket remains a fair, competitive, and thrilling sport. Whether you?re watching a high-stakes international match or playing a local game, familiarity with these rules enhances your appreciation and enjoyment of cricket?s beautiful game.

Remember: The ICC continuously updates its rules to improve fairness and entertainment, so staying informed through official ICC publications is always recommended.

ICC Cricket Rules: A Comprehensive Guide to the Game's Regulations and Standards

Cricket, often regarded as a sport of tradition, strategy, and intense competition, is governed by a detailed set of rules and regulations maintained by the International Cricket Council (ICC). The ICC

cricket rules are essential for ensuring fair play, consistency across international matches, and clarity for players, officials, and fans alike. Whether you're a seasoned cricket fan, a budding player, or just a curious newcomer, understanding these rules provides a deeper appreciation of the game?s intricacies and the structure behind every match.

Introduction to ICC Cricket Rules

The ICC cricket rules encompass a wide array of guidelines covering every aspect of the game?from the playing conditions and equipment to umpiring procedures and disciplinary measures. They serve as the backbone of international cricket, ensuring matches are played with integrity, fairness, and clarity. While local leagues and domestic tournaments may have their specific regulations, the ICC rules form the universal standard for Test, One Day International (ODI), and Twenty20 (T20) formats.

The Foundations of ICC Cricket Rules

- Laws of Cricket

The ICC cricket rules are primarily derived from the "Laws of Cricket," maintained by the Marylebone Cricket Club (MCC). These laws cover:

- The dimensions of the pitch
- The equipment used
- Player conduct and umpiring
- Match procedures and scoring

The ICC adapts these Laws to fit international play, adding regulations specific to limited-overs formats or modern technology.

- Playing Conditions

Apart from the Laws, the ICC also issues Playing Conditions tailored to each format, addressing:

- Match duration
- Fielding restrictions
- Powerplays
- Dismissal methods

- Result determination

These conditions ensure consistency and fairness across all international fixtures.

Core Rules and Regulations

- Match Format and Structure

The ICC oversees three primary formats:

- Test Cricket: Played over five days, with two innings per team.
- One Day Internationals (ODIs): Limited to 50 overs per side.
- T20 Internationals: Limited to 20 overs per side.

Each format has specific rules regarding overs, innings, and match procedures.

- Equipment Regulations

The ICC specifies standards for equipment to ensure fairness and safety:

- Bat specifications: Maximum length (38 inches), width (4.25 inches).
- Ball specifications: Weight (155.9 to 163 grams), circumference (22.9 to 23.5 inches).
- Protective gear: Helmets, pads, gloves must meet safety standards.
- Fielding gear: Cones, boundary markers, and stumps must conform to prescribed dimensions.

- Player Conduct and Fair Play

The ICC cricket rules emphasize sportsmanship:

- Players must respect umpires, opponents, and officials.
- No use of obscene language or bad conduct.
- Penalties for code violations, including warnings, penalties, or suspensions.

The Spirit of Cricket is a fundamental concept, promoting respect, integrity, and fair play.

Umpiring and Decision-Making Rules

- Role of Umpires

- Two on-field umpires oversee the game, making decisions on dismissals, overstepping, and rule infringements.
- Third umpire and match referee assist with video reviews and disciplinary actions.

- Decision Review System (DRS)

- Allows teams to challenge umpire decisions using technology like ball-tracking, hawk-eye, and snickometer.
- Each team typically has one or two reviews per innings.

- Common Dismissals

The rules define various dismissal methods, including:

- Bowled
- Caught
- Run out
- Leg before wicket (LBW)
- Stumped
- Hit wicket
- Hit the ball twice
- Obstructing the field

Each dismissal has specific criteria outlined in the Laws.

Playing Field and Player Regulations

- Field Dimensions and Markings

- The pitch is 22 yards (20.12 meters) long.
- The boundary is marked with a rope or fence, typically 60-80 meters from the pitch.
- No player may cross the boundary line while the ball is in play.

- Number of Players

- Each team fields 11 players.
- Substitutes are permitted but with restrictions (e.g., no batting or bowling unless authorized).

- Player Responsibilities

- Fielders must adhere to positioning and movement regulations.
- Bowlers are restricted in the number of overs they can bowl per innings, especially in limited-overs formats.

Scoring and Result Rules

- Runs and Extras

- Runs are scored by batsmen running between wickets or hitting boundaries.
- Extras include wides, no-balls, byes, and leg byes, which award additional runs and may result in extra deliveries.

- Winning the Match

- The team with the most runs at the end of the match wins.
- In limited-overs, if scores are tied, various tie-breaker methods are used, such as super overs.

- Draws and No Results

- Test matches can end in a draw if neither side wins within the allotted time.

- Limited-overs matches cannot end in a draw; they have tie-breaker procedures.

Discipline and Penalties

- Code of Conduct

ICC enforces a strict code, covering:

- Dismissive behavior
- Ball tampering
- Time-wasting
- Use of abusive language

- Penalties and Sanctions

- Warnings, fines, suspension, or match bans for serious violations.
- The Disciplinary Committee reviews misconduct reports.

Special Rules and Modern Innovations

- Use of Technology

- Video Assistant Referee (VAR) or third umpire decisions.
- Ball-tracking systems for LBW decisions.
- Hawkeye for boundary calls and pitch analysis.

- Powerplays and Field Restrictions

In limited-overs formats, specific fielding restrictions apply during certain overs, such as:

- Powerplays allowing only two or three fielders outside the 30-yard circle.
- Restrictions to encourage aggressive batting.

Summary: Key Takeaways from ICC Cricket Rules

- Fair play and sportsmanship are central to cricket?s ethos, reinforced by the Spirit of Cricket.
- The Laws of Cricket serve as the foundation, with ICC-specific Playing Conditions tailoring the rules for international competition.
- Rules governing equipment, umpiring, scoring, and disciplinary actions are designed for fairness and consistency.
- Modern technology like DRS enhances decision accuracy but is governed by strict protocols.
- Each format?Test, ODI, or T20?has specific rules regarding overs, fielding, and match conduct.

Final Thoughts

Understanding the ICC cricket rules enriches your viewing experience and deepens your appreciation of cricket?s complexity and beauty. From the precise dimensions of the pitch to the nuanced rules governing dismissals and technology, each regulation is crafted to uphold the integrity and excitement of the game. Whether you're analyzing a tense finish or explaining the rules to a newcomer, knowing the regulations helps foster a greater respect for cricket?s traditions and its evolution into a modern sport.

Stay tuned for more insights into cricket strategies, player profiles, and updates on international tournaments!

Note: While this guide offers an extensive overview, always refer to the official ICC website or the latest rulebooks for the most current and detailed regulations.

QuestionAnswer What is the significance of the DRS in ICC cricket matches? The Decision Review System (DRS) allows teams to review umpire decisions using technology such as ball-tracking and infrared imaging to ensure accurate outcomes, helping reduce umpiring errors in ICC matches. How are super overs used to decide a winner in ICC cricket tournaments? In case of a tie after the regular match, a super over is played where each team faces a set number of balls, and the team with the higher total runs wins the match, according to ICC rules. What are the main rules regarding run-outs in ICC cricket? A run-out occurs when a fielder dislodges the bails with the ball before the batter reaches the popping crease while attempting a run, and the decision is made based on clear evidence following ICC dismissal procedures. What is the importance of the no-ball rule in ICC cricket? A no-ball is an illegal delivery, often due to overstepping the popping crease, and results in a free hit for the batting team, providing an advantage and ensuring fair play as per ICC regulations. How are penalties like wide balls enforced in ICC cricket matches? A wide ball is one that is outside the batsman's reach and not called a no-ball; it results in an extra run awarded to the batting team and an extra ball in the over, according to ICC rules to maintain fairness.

Related keywords: ICC cricket rules, cricket regulations, cricket laws, ICC playing conditions, cricket umpiring rules, cricket scoring rules, cricket match regulations, ICC official rules, cricket game rules, cricket rulebook

PARAGRAPH MY HOBBY CRICKET

paragraph my hobby cricket is a wonderful activity that combines physical fitness, strategic thinking, and team spirit. For many enthusiasts around the world, cricket is more than just a sport; it is a passion that brings friends, families, and communities together. Whether playing on a local field or watching international matches, cricket offers a unique blend of excitement, skill, and camaraderie. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the origins of cricket, the reasons why it is such a popular hobby, tips for beginners, and ways to improve your game. If you are considering taking up cricket as a hobby or want to deepen your understanding of the sport, this article is your ultimate resource.

Understanding the Basics of Cricket

Cricket is a bat-and-ball game played between two teams, usually consisting of eleven players each. It originated in England and has since become a major sport in countries like India, Australia, England, South Africa, Pakistan, and the West Indies. The game involves two main roles: batting and bowling/fielding.

The Objective of Cricket

The primary goal in cricket is to score more runs than the opposing team. The batting team tries to accumulate runs by hitting the ball and running between wickets, while the bowling and fielding team aims to dismiss the batsmen and limit their scoring.

Basic Rules and Gameplay

- Innings: Each team gets a turn to bat and bowl, called an innings.
- Overs: An over consists of six consecutive balls bowled by one bowler.
- Dismissals: Batsmen can be dismissed in various ways, including being caught, bowled, run out, or LBW (leg before wicket).
- Winning the Match: The team with the most runs at the end of the match wins.

Why Cricket is a Popular Hobby

Cricket's widespread popularity stems from its accessibility, excitement, and the sense of community it fosters. Here are some reasons why many people choose cricket as their hobby:

1. Promotes Physical Fitness

Playing cricket involves running, throwing, catching, and batting, which helps improve cardiovascular health, strength, and agility.

2. Develops Strategic Thinking

The game requires players to plan their batting and bowling strategies, understand the strengths and weaknesses of opponents, and adapt quickly.

3. Encourages Teamwork

Cricket is a team sport that emphasizes cooperation, communication, and mutual support among players.

4. Widely Accessible

All you need is a bat, ball, and a suitable playing area, making it easy for enthusiasts of all ages and backgrounds to participate.

5. Builds Social Connections

Joining local clubs or informal matches helps foster friendships and community bonds.

Getting Started with Cricket as a Hobby

If you're new to cricket and want to make it your hobby, here are some practical steps to get started:

1. Gather Equipment

Essential cricket gear includes:

- Bat
- Ball
- Wickets or stumps
- Protective gear (helmets, gloves, pads)
- Comfortable sportswear

2. Find a Playing Area

Look for local parks, open grounds, or cricket clubs that offer facilities for informal matches.

3. Learn Basic Skills

Start with fundamental skills such as:

- Batting stance and grip
- Bowling techniques
- Catching and fielding basics
- Running between wickets

4. Practice Regularly

Consistent practice helps improve your skills and confidence. Focus on different aspects of the game each session.

5. Join a Local Club or Group

Participating in organized games or local leagues can enhance your experience and provide valuable feedback.

Tips to Improve Your Cricket Skills

Mastering cricket takes time and dedication. Here are some tips to help you progress:

1. Watch Professional Matches

Observe techniques and strategies used by top players to learn advanced skills.

2. Work with Coaches or Experienced Players

Guidance from experienced individuals can accelerate your learning curve.

3. Focus on Fitness and Nutrition

A healthy diet and fitness regime improve endurance and overall performance.

4. Practice Specific Skills

- Batting: work on shot selection and footwork
- Bowling: improve accuracy and spin
- Fielding: enhance catching and throwing accuracy

5. Play Regularly

The more you play, the better your understanding of game dynamics and tactics.

Cricket Training Drills and Exercises

To hone your skills, incorporate targeted drills into your practice routine:

Batting Drills

- Shadow batting to improve stance
- Soft toss drills for shot accuracy
- Net practice for facing different bowlers

Bowling Drills

- Run-up and delivery consistency exercises
- Line and length control drills
- Spin and pace variation practice

Fielding Drills

- Catching under simulated pressure
- Throwing accuracy over various distances
- Ground fielding and quick returns

Cricket as a Social Hobby

Playing cricket is not just about the game; it's also about building relationships and being part of a community. Here are some ways to enjoy cricket socially:

Organize Friendly Matches

Invite friends or neighbors to play casual games, fostering camaraderie.

Participate in Local Tournaments

Compete in community-level tournaments to challenge yourself and meet new players.

Join Cricket Clubs or Societies

Become a member of local cricket clubs for structured training, regular matches, and social events.

Attend Cricket Events and Festivals

Experience the thrill of live matches, meet players, and learn more about the sport.

Benefits of Making Cricket Your Hobby

Embracing cricket as a hobby offers numerous physical and mental benefits:

Physical Health Benefits

- Improved cardiovascular health
- Increased strength and flexibility
- Better hand-eye coordination

Mental Health Benefits

- Stress relief and relaxation
- Enhanced concentration and focus
- Confidence building through skill development

Social and Community Benefits

- Developing teamwork and leadership skills
- Building lifelong friendships
- Promoting sportsmanship and discipline

Conclusion

Cricket is more than just a sport; it is a passion that can enrich your life in many ways. Whether you play casually in a park or aspire to compete at higher levels, making cricket your hobby can lead to

improved health, new friendships, and a deeper appreciation for the game?s rich history and culture. Remember, the key to enjoying cricket is consistency, learning, and having fun. So, pick up your bat, find a suitable ground, and start your journey into the exciting world of cricket today!

Keywords for SEO Optimization

- paragraph my hobby cricket
- cricket for beginners
- how to play cricket
- cricket tips and tricks
- benefits of playing cricket
- cricket training drills
- cricket equipment guide
- local cricket clubs
- cricket skills improvement
- cricket match strategies

By incorporating these keywords naturally within your content, you can enhance the visibility of your article for search engines and reach fellow cricket enthusiasts eager to learn more about this exciting hobby.

Paragraph My Hobby Cricket: Embracing the Spirit of the Game

Cricket, often referred to as a gentleman?s game, has captivated millions around the world with its blend of strategy, skill, and camaraderie. For many enthusiasts, cricket isn?t just a sport; it?s a passion, a way of life, and a hobby that brings joy, discipline, and a sense of community. In this article, we?ll explore the multifaceted world of cricket, delving into its history, the basics of playing the game, the benefits of engaging in cricket as a hobby, and tips for beginners eager to start their cricket journey.

The Origins and Evolution of Cricket

A Brief History

Cricket?s roots trace back to 16th-century England, where it started as a pastime among rural communities. Over centuries, it evolved from a simple pastime to a formalized sport with international competitions and professional leagues.

The Global Spread

Today, cricket is played and followed passionately in countries like India, Pakistan, Australia, England, South Africa, Sri Lanka, and the West Indies. The ICC (International Cricket Council) oversees the sport worldwide, organizing major tournaments such as the Cricket World Cup, T20 World Cup, and the Champions Trophy.

Understanding the Basics of Cricket

Types of Cricket Formats

- Test Cricket

- The traditional format lasting up to five days
- Focuses on endurance, strategy, and skill over long periods

- One Day Internationals (ODIs)

- Limited to 50 overs per side
- Combines strategy with faster-paced action

- T20 Cricket

- Short format with 20 overs per side
- Known for aggressive batting and entertainment

Core Rules and Objectives

- The primary goal is to score more runs than the opposing team.
- Each team has eleven players.
- The game involves batting, bowling, fielding, and wicket-keeping.
- The team batting aims to build a high score; the bowling and fielding team aims to dismiss the opponents and restrict their runs.

Why Cricket as a Hobby is Beneficial

Physical Fitness and Health

- Improves cardiovascular health through running, bowling, and fielding.
- Enhances hand-eye coordination and agility.
- Promotes overall physical activity, helping to maintain fitness levels.

Mental Skills and Discipline

- Develops strategic thinking and decision-making.
- Teaches patience and perseverance during long innings or matches.
- Encourages teamwork and communication.

Social and Community Engagement

- Fosters camaraderie among players of all ages.
- Builds friendships through club memberships, local leagues, and casual games.
- Promotes cultural exchange, especially in countries where cricket is a national sport.

Getting Started with Cricket as a Hobby

Essential Equipment

- Bat: Choose the right size and weight for your age and comfort.
- Ball: Usually a hard leather ball; softer rubber balls are used in casual play.
- Protective Gear: Pads, gloves, helmet, and thigh guards for safety.
- Clothing: Comfortable sportswear and cricket shoes with spikes.

Basic Skills to Learn

- Batting Technique
- Grip, stance, and shot selection
- Bowling Skills
- Grip, run-up, and delivery techniques
- Fielding Skills
- Catching, throwing, and positioning

Practice and Training

- Start with simple drills to develop fundamental skills.
- Join local cricket clubs or community leagues.
- Practice regularly to improve accuracy, strength, and agility.

Tips for Beginners

- Learn the Rules Thoroughly

Understanding the game?s rules helps in better gameplay and enjoyment.

- Start Small

Focus on mastering basic skills before moving to complex techniques.

- Watch and Learn

Observe professional matches, tutorials, and online videos to gain insights.

- Play with Others

Participating in friendly matches enhances learning and builds confidence.

- Stay Consistent

Regular practice is key to improvement.

- Prioritize Safety

Always use protective gear and warm-up before playing to prevent injuries.

Advanced Topics for Enthusiasts

Cricket Strategies and Tactics

- Field placements based on batsman?s weaknesses
- Bowling variations to deceive batsmen
- Captaincy skills and team management

Fitness Regimens for Cricketers

- Strength training for power and endurance
- Flexibility exercises for injury prevention
- Cardio routines to improve stamina

Equipment Maintenance and Selection

- Choosing the right bat and ball for your playing style
- Maintaining equipment for longevity and performance

Inspiring Stories of Cricket Enthusiasts

Many individuals have turned their passion for cricket into lifelong pursuits. From local village players to international stars, their stories motivate aspiring cricketers to pursue their hobby with dedication and enthusiasm.

Final Thoughts

Paragraph my hobby cricket embodies more than just a sport; it?s a lifestyle that fosters physical health, mental sharpness, social bonds, and cultural understanding. Whether you?re a beginner or an avid fan, cricket offers endless opportunities for enjoyment, learning, and personal growth. Embrace the spirit of the game, gather your friends or join a local club, and start your cricket journey today ? because every run, wicket, and catch brings you closer to a world of fun and fulfillment.

QuestionAnswer What are the main skills required to excel in cricket? Key skills include good hand-eye coordination, batting technique, bowling accuracy, fielding agility, and strategic understanding of the game. How can I improve my cricket batting skills? Practice regularly with proper technique, work on your footwork, watch professional players for tips, and focus on timing and shot selection. What equipment do I need to start playing cricket? Essential equipment includes a cricket bat, batting gloves, protective pads, helmet, cricket ball, and suitable sports shoes with spikes. Why is cricket considered a popular sport worldwide? Cricket's popularity stems from its rich

history, exciting gameplay, international competitions like the World Cup, and the sense of community it fosters among fans and players. What are some famous cricket tournaments I should follow? Major tournaments include the ICC Cricket World Cup, Indian Premier League (IPL), Ashes Series, T20 World Cup, and the County Championship. How can I get started playing cricket as a beginner? Join local cricket clubs or school teams, learn the basic rules and techniques, practice regularly, and watch matches to understand gameplay better.

Related keywords: cricket, hobby, sports, playing cricket, cricket match, cricket skills, cricket training, cricket enthusiasts, cricket equipment, cricket tournaments

Read the full article online: PARAGRAPH MY HOBBY CRICKET